### A NEW WAY FOR ENERGY

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## AS THE 21ST CENTURY APPROACHES

ENERGY SYSTEMS CONTINUE TO BE IN A CRISIS

[CRISIS = SITUATION THAT DOES NOT PERMIT CONTINUATION OF OLD PATTERNS OF BEHAVIOR]



### MANY DIMENSIONS OF CRISIS OF ENERGY SYSTEMS

- CAPITAL CRISIS
- EQUITY/ACCESS CRISIS
- SELF-RELIANCE CRISIS
- ENVIRONMENTAL CRISIS



### **CAPITAL CRISIS**

THE DEMANDS FOR CAPITAL ARE OUTSTRIPPING THE TRADITIONAL SOURCES OF CAPITAL



### **EQUITY/ACCESS CRISIS**

- DISTRIBUTION OF THE BENEFITS OF ENERGY ARE HIGHLY SKEWED
- LARGE SECTIONS OF THE POPULATION OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES (PARTICULARLY THE POOR, WOMEN AND RURAL AREAS) ARE DEPRIVED OF ACCESS TO MODERN ENERGY SERVICES



### **SELF-RELIANCE CRISIS**

LIMITED POPULAR PARTICIPATION AND EMPOWERMENT IN THE PLANNING, MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OVER ENERGY SYSTEMS



### **ENVIRONMENTAL CRISIS**

- *LOCALLY* --> IMPOSSIBLY HIGH LEVELS OF POLLUTION
- **REGIONALLY** --> DEFORESTATION AND DESERTIFICATION OF VAST AREAS
- GLOBALLY --> DISCERNIBLE CHANGES IN THE GLOBAL ATMOSPHERE CARRYING THE THREAT OF CLIMATE CHANGE.



### DESPITE CRISIS, ENERGY DOES NOT GET THE GLOBAL ATTENTION IT DESERVES

WHY? PERHAPS BECAUSE DECISION-MAKERS FEEL THAT THERE ARE OTHER MORE IMPORTANT GLOBAL ISSUES



## OTHER IMPORTANT GLOBAL ISSUES

- POVERTY
- GENDER DISPARITY
- POPULATION
- UNDER-NUTRITION & FOOD SCARCITY
- HEALTH
- ACIDIFICATION

- CLIMATE CHANGE
- LAND DEGRADATION
- INVESTMENT REQUIREMENTS
- FOREIGN EXCHANGE IMPACTS
- NATIONAL SECURITY
- NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROLIFERATION



ENERGY CAN BE SHOWN TO BE LINKED TO ALL THESE GLOBAL ISSUES



### FURTHER, CURRENT ENERGY PATTERNS ARE AGGRAVATING ALL THESE MAJOR GLOBAL ISSUES



### HENCE, ENERGY CANNOT BE IGNORED

IN FACT, ENERGY
STRATEGIES MUST
CONTRIBUTE TO THE
SOLUTION OF THE OTHER
MAJOR PROBLEMS



## ENERGY AND MAJOR GLOBAL ISSUES

- ALTERNATIVE ENERGY APPROACHES ARE REQUIRED TO TACKLE THESE ISSUES
- FORTUNATELY, NEW TECHNOLOGICAL OPPORTUNITIES ON DEMAND & SUPPLY SIDES



### TWO DISTINCT TRENDS IN CURRENT DISCUSSIONS OF ENERGY SYSTEMS

EITHER, THE GOAL IS GREENHOUSE GAS ABATEMENT AND PREVENTION/ MINIMISATION OF CLIMATE CHANGE

OR, THE GOAL IS SUDEVELOPMENT



#### GOAL OF GREENHOUSE GAS ABATEMENT AND PREVENTION/MINIMISATION OF CLIMATE CHANGE

- EMPHASIS ON ENERGY *TECHNOLOGIES*, PARTICULARLY RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES (RETS) AND EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS (EIS).
- MAXIMISATION OF (CENTRALISED AND DECENTRALISED) RETS AND/OR EIS BECOMES THE *OBJECTIVE FUNCTION*.



#### GOAL OF GREENHOUSE GAS ABATEMENT AND PREVENTION/MINIMISATION OF CLIMATE CHANGE

- RETS AND EIS BECOME *ENDS IN THEMSELVES*
- THE PROPONENTS BECOME RET AND/OR EI ENERGY *FUNDAMENTALISTS*
- THEY EVEN DEMAND THAT THE PLAYING FIELD HAS TO BE DISTORTED TO FAVOUR THESE TECHNOLOGIES



### GOAL OF SUDEVELOPMENT

- CLIMATE CHANGE BECOMES A VITAL BUT SUBSIDIARY CONCERN
- ISSUES OF *EQUITY/ACCESS AND EMPOWERMENT* ARE CRUCIAL
- AND OF COURSE, *ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SOUNDNESS*



### NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN PERCEPTIONS

- BY AND LARGE, CLIMATE CHANGE IS A PREOCCUPATION OF THE INDUSTRIALISED COUNTRIES
- SUDEVELOPMENT A PRIORITY OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.



### **GLOBAL TRENDS**

- GLOBALIZATION
- MARKETIZATION
- DEMOCRATIZATION (POPULAR PARTICIPATION IN DECISION-MAKING)
- CORPORATIZATION OF UTILITIES
- CHANGING EXTERNAL FUNDING (MAGNITUDE AND SOURCES)



### **CONSTRAINTS**

- DECLINING AVAILABILITY OF TRADITIONAL CAPITAL (INTERNALLY FROM GOVERNMENTS AND EXTERNALLY FROM ODA)
- CUT-BACKS IN GOVERNMENT SPENDING



## A NEW ENERGY PARADIGM IS EMERGING

- IN NEP, ENERGY IS NOT AN END IN ITSELF
- ENERGY IS AN INSTRUMENT FOR THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC GOAL OF SUDEVELOPMENT



IN THE ANCIENT INDIAN LANGUAGE SANSKRIT, THE PREFIX "SU" STANDS FOR "GOOD"

HENCE, "SUDEVELOPMENT" MEANS
"GOOD DEVELOPMENT"



#### CRITERIA OF SUDEVELOPMENT

- ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY,
- EQUITY/ACCESS (PARTICULARLY FOR THE POOR, WOMEN AND RURAL AREAS),
- EMPOWERMENT/SELF-RELIANCE,
- ENVIRONMENTAL SOUNDNESS AND
- PEACE.



### **NEW ENERGY PARADIGM**

- FOCUS ON ENERGY SERVICES (NOT MERELY ENERGY CONSUMPTION)
- UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO ENERGY SERVICES (OBLIGATION TO SERVE)
- RATIONALLY DERIVED MIX OF CLEAN FOSSIL-FUEL TECHNOLOGIES, RENEWABLES & END-USE EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS



# NEW ENERGY PARADIGM (CONTD)

- ESTABLISHMENT & MAINTENANCE OF A LEVEL PLAYING FIELD
- PROMOTION AND SAFEGUARDING OF COMPETITION



# NEW ENERGY PARADIGM (CONTD)

- INDIGENOUS CAPACITY BUILDING
- KEY ROLE FOR PRIVATE SECTOR
- ROLES FOR ALL STAKE-HOLDERS
- POLICY INSTRUMENTS THAT ARE NO/LOW COST TO TREASURIES



### **MARKET-BARRIERS**

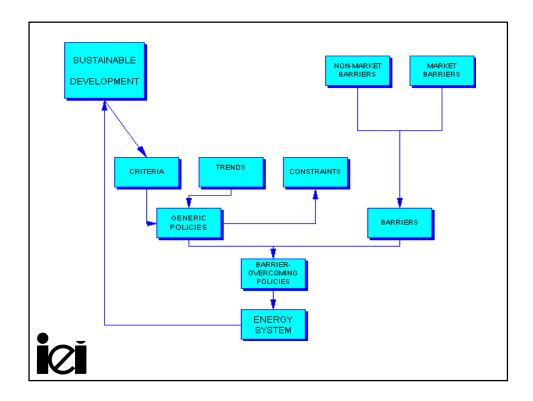
- SUBSIDIES TO CONVENTIONAL ENERGY
- PRICES DO NOT REFLECT NEGATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS
- IMPERFECT INFORMATION
- FIRST-COST SENSITIVITY
- SPLIT INCENTIVES
- INDIFFERENCE TO ENERGY COSTS



### **NON-MARKET BARRIERS**

- SUPPLY-BIASED PARADIGM
- INSTITUTIONAL OBSTACLES
- DECLINING R & D EXPENDITURES





# ENERGY AND SOCIAL ISSUES

- POVERTY
- GENDER DISPARITY
- POPULATION
- UNDERNUTRITION AND FOOD



## ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

- HEALTH
- ACIDIFICATION
- CLIMATE CHANGE
- LAND DEGRADATION



# ENERGY AND THE ECONOMY

- INVESTMENT REQUIREMENTS
- FOREIGN EXCHANGE IMPACTS



### **ENERGY AND SECURITY**

- ENERGY AND NATIONAL SECURITY
- NUCLEAR ENERGY & NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROLIFERATION



### ENERGY AFTER RIO: PROSPECTS AND CHALLENGES

- IMPLICATIONS OF SUSTAINABLE ENERGY (Global energy scenarios; Implications for Developing and energy-exporting countries; and general implications)
- ENERGY IS AN INSTRUMENT OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT
- MAKING IT HAPPEN



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